

S30RW3RQ1

Photoelectric Sensor – Opposed Mode Sensor (Receiver)

Technical data

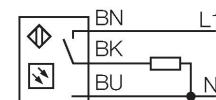
Type	S30RW3RQ1
ID	3033381
Optical data	
Function	Opposed mode sensor
Operating mode	Receiver
Range	0...60000 mm
Electrical data	
Operating voltage	20...250 VAC
AC rated operational current	≤ 200 mA
Output function	Dark operation, Relay output
Switching frequency	≤ 40 Hz
Readiness delay	≤ 100 ms
Response time typical	< 16 ms
Mechanical data	
Design	Tube, S30
Dimensions	Ø 30 x 89.4 mm
Housing material	Plastic, Thermoplastic material
Lens	plastic, Acrylic
Electrical connection	Connector, 1/2", PVC
Number of cores	4
Ambient temperature	-40...+70 °C
Protection class	IP69
Special features	Encapsulated Wash down
Power-on indication	LED, Green
Switching state	LED, Yellow
Excess gain indication	LED
Tests/approvals	
Approvals	CE, UL, CSA



Features

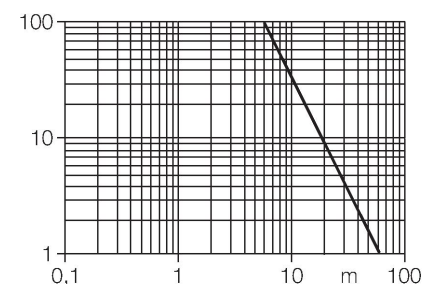
- Male ½ ", 4-pin
- Protection classes IP67/IP69K
- Ambient temperature: -40...+70 °C

Wiring diagram



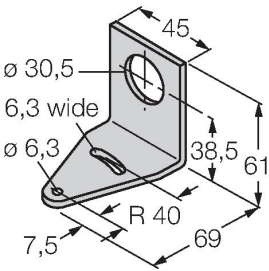
Functional principle

Opposed mode sensors consist of an emitter and receiver. They are installed opposite each other so that the light from the emitter is aimed directly at the receiver. When an object interrupts or weakens the light beam, the sensor switches. Opposed mode sensors are the most reliable photoelectric sensors for detection of opaque targets. An excellent contrast between light and dark conditions and an extremely high excess gain are typical of this sensing mode, thus allowing operation over larger distances and under difficult conditions. Excess gain curve
Excess gain in relation to the distance



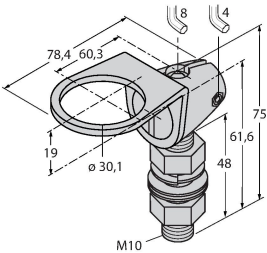
Accessories

SMB30A 3032723



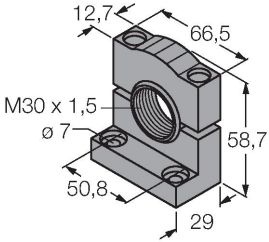
Mounting bracket, rectangular, stainless steel, for sensors with 30mm thread

SMB30FAM10 3011185



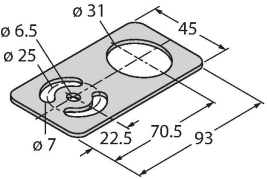
Mounting bracket, stainless steel, for M10 x 1.5 thread, thread length 30 mm

SMB30SC 3052521



Mounting bracket, PBT black, for sensors with 30 mm thread, rotatable

SMBAMS30P 3073135



Mounting bracket, stainless steel, for sensors with 30 mm thread